ANNEX C (Revised2015)

EXAMINATION FOR CYTOTECHNICIANS

Basic qualification and experience in Higher Secondary in biological Sciences **cytology** with diploma in Medical Lab. Technology/ certificate course and one year experience in cytology.

OR

Higher secondary in biological Sciences with 5 years experience in cytology OR

B.Sc. Medical with 6 months experience in Cytology

- 1. Schedule of examination
- i) Examination should consist of theory, practical & viva-voce
- ii) **Theory paper (100 marks)**: Should have 40 MCQs (40 marks); 5 matching type question (20 marks) and 8 short answer questions (40 marks) (duration 3 hours)
- iii) Distribution of **theory questions** should be as follows:

Basic cytology 20%

Gynaecological cytology 20%

Non-gynaecological cytology

Including FNAC 20%

Techniques 40%

iv) Practical: 100 marks

Practical: To have 3 practical exercises:

- i) Papanicolaou stain (10)
- ii) Preparatory techniques/Cytospin/Millipore filter preparation etc. (14)
- iii) Special stain/MGG etc (10)

Spots: Consisting of 15 objective structure practical examination stations.

- i) 7 stations on instruments. (7x2=14)
- ii) 8 stations on indentification of cells etc. (8x4=32)

Total marks: 80

A candidate has to pass separately in theory and practical + viva voce. A candidate must secure at least 50% in each.

Fees ₹ 600/- (by a bank draft drawn in favour of Treasurer, Indian Academy of Cytology)

Certificate A certificate will be issued to successful candidates.

Time of examination Around September / October of every year

COURSE FOR CYTOTECHNICIAN

- i) Staining of cytopathology Specimen
- a) Principles of fixation and various fixatives used.
- b) Papanicolaou staining-principles, advantages and techniques.
- ii) Centrifugation techniques
- a) Centrifugation principle and applications.
- b) Cytocentrifuge principle and applications.
- c) Membrane filters principle and applications.
- iii) Cytochemistry
- a) Routine cytochemistry staining procedure like MGG, alcian blue, mucicarmine, PAS, fat stain etc.
- b) Basic principles of immunocytochemistry, cell block preparation
- c) Liqid Based Cytology
- iv) Female Genital tract
- a) Anatomy, structure & physiology of female genital tract.
- b) Various techniques of collecting material from female genital tract.
- c) Various types of cells from female genital tract
- d) Cytology of uterine cervix.
- v) Respiratory tract
- a) Anatomy and physiology of respiratory tract.
- b) Collection and preparation (of sputum, TBNA, BAL fluids) including LBC and cell block preparation)
- vi) **Urinary tract**
- a) Anatomy and physiology of urinary tract
- b) Collection and preparation (Millipore filter technique, cytospin, LBC etc).
- vii) Gastro-intestinal tract
- a) Anatomy and physiology of gastrointestinal tract.

b) Processing and collection of material from gastrointestinal tract and its preparation.

viii) **Effusion**

- a) Anatomy of serous cavities
- b) Processing and Collection and preparation of fluid for cytological examination.
- ix) Introduction of cytogenetics(Molecular biology)
- a) Collection of material and staining for sex chromatin.
- b) Culture of lymphocytes and making smears and staining.
- c) Preparation and processing knowledge of preparation of Cytological material for PCR/RT PCR/Microarry/Gene sequencing.
- x) FNAC: Preliminary knowledge on **fine needle aspiration** cytology, preparation of smears and staining.